



# Eclipse OpenXiEnv

# About the speakers



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- Born 1973
- Joined ZF Summer 2003 (Master Thesis Mechanical Engineering)
- From 2004 onwards Embedded SW Developer Passenger Car Transmission systems
- Senior Manager Infrastructure and Tooling



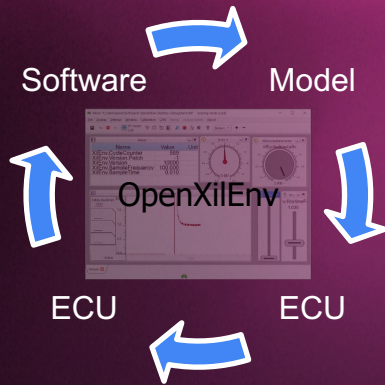
Eric Bieber

- Born 1968
- 1990 Studies Electrical Systems (Telecommunications) HTWG Konstanz
- 1995 ZF Friedrichshafen AG Embedded Software developer
- 2001 ZF Friedrichshafen AG Infrastructure and tooling

# AGENDA SLIDE

- What is OpenXilEnv and where it comes from
- Usecases For OpenXilEnv
- What will be part of open source
- Main Working principle of OpenXilEnv
- Demonstration based on Electric car

# What is OpenXilEnv



- ❑ Eclipse OpenXilEnv provides an environment for creating Software In the Loop (SIL) systems for the Software Defined Vehicle ecosystem. OpenXilEnv is primarily developed for setup a SIL (digital twin), through its versatile nature it is also possible to use it in a HIL environment.
- ❑ OpenXilEnv provides also an interface to Matlab/Simulink where it can be used for co-simulation between Code and functional models in a Model in the Loop environment (MIL)
- ❑ OpenXilEnv also provides a lightweight Hardware in the Loop (HIL) system option for MiniHils (CAN,CN-FD)

## Where comes the the Name from?

- ❑ Open Source -> Open
- ❑ Environment -> Env
- ❑ Capabilities -> HIL,SIL,MIL
- ❑ Heritage Name -> Softcar

```
#include<stdio.h>

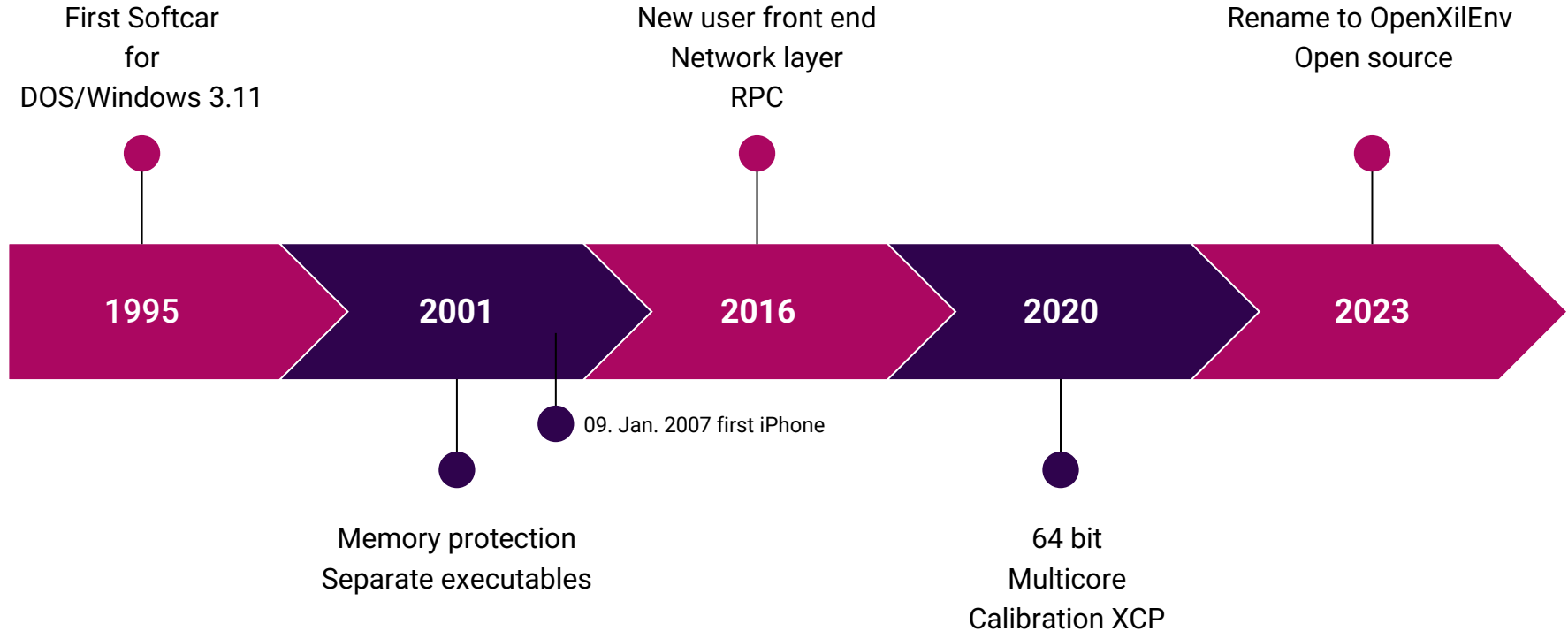
int sum(int summand1,int summand2, summand3)
{
    return (summand1 + summand2 + summand3);
}

int main() {
    int result = sum(.MIL","SIL","HIL");
    printf("Summ of MIL and SIL and HIL is %d\n", sum);
    return 0;
}
```

# OpenXilEnv

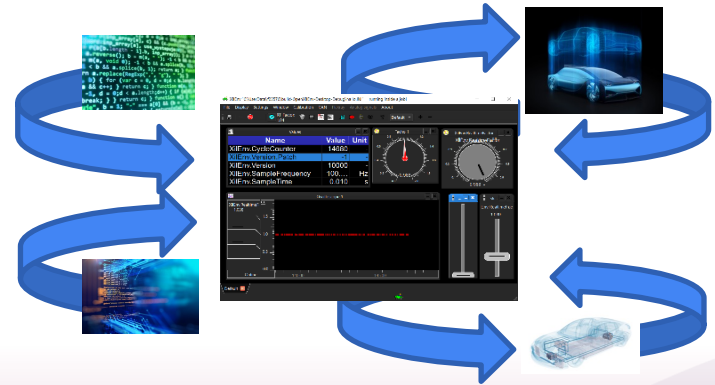
Summ of MIL and SIL and HIL is Xil

# Softcar -> OpenXilEnv



# Usecases and Features of OpenXilEnv

- **SIL Software In the Loop**
  - No Target hardware, compiler , ... needed
- All parts separated in own executables
  - Communication over a network layer
- Distributed digital twin, the control units/ models must not run on the same location
- Residual bus simulation for emulating ECUs not present
  - Fault injection
- FMI interface for FMUs
- XilEnv (without GUI)
  - No installation is needed.
  - Docker container, or/and in the cloud.
  - Automated Simulations incl. result evaluation
- XilEnvGui (with a Qt GUI)
  - Expansive configurable sheets



# Usecases and Features of OpenXilEnv

- Parallel execution schedulers/barriers (configuration must done by the user)
- Cosimulation interface to Matlab/Simulink
- Recording
- Stimulation through measurement data or script
- Pre calibration with XCP over ethernet to interact with an external calibration system
  - Or a small internal Calibration system
- RPC (Remote Procedure Call Interface) for automation



Target platform is Windows or Linux.  
Mixed 32/64bit Windows/Linux executable.

# What will be part of open source

## What is our goal

To promote open source digital twin environment and Simplify interaction between digital twin participants

## What will be part of OpenXilEnv

The sources of OpenXilEnv to build:

XilEnv

XilEnvGui

XilEnvRpc

XilEnvExtProc

And some small example

You have to build

executables your own.

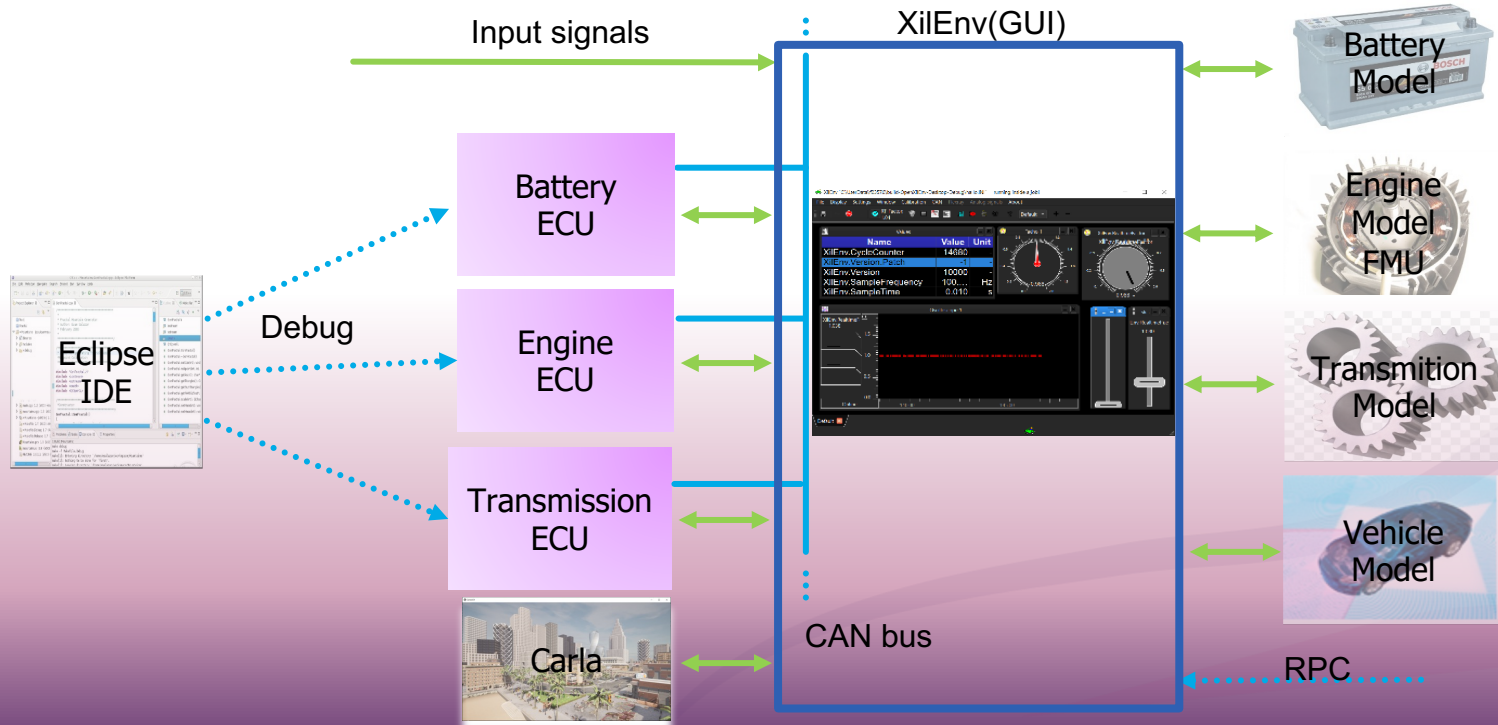
## What you can

Use it as it is, change it if you need, give back changes if you want. Contribution will be welcome

[Eclipse OpenXilEnv](#)



# Working principles



The image shows a screenshot of the Microsoft Visual Studio IDE. The main window displays the source code for a C++ file named `ExtProc_ElectricMotorControlUnit.c`. The code is written in C++ and includes several conditional blocks and function calls. The code is as follows:

```
207     } else {
208         TransmitionCanTimeoutCounter++;
209         if (TransmitionCanTimeoutCounter > CAN_TIMEOUT) {
210             MotorErrorState = 1;
211         } else {
212             TransmitionCanTimeoutCounter++;
213         }
214     }
215     if (sc_read_virt_can_msg_buff(0, 3, &Ext, &Size, Data) == 1) { // Receive from vehicle control unit
216         AcceleratorPosition = ((uint16_t)Data[0] + ((uint16_t)Data[1] << 8));
217         FireUp = Data[2] & 0x1;
218         VehicleCanTimeoutCounter = 0;
219     } else {
220         VehicleCanTimeoutCounter++;
221         if (VehicleCanTimeoutCounter > CAN_TIMEOUT) {
222             MotorErrorState = 1;
223         } else {
224             VehicleCanTimeoutCounter++;
225         }
226     }
227
228     if (FireUp) {
229         if (BatteryVoltage < BatteryUnderVoltageLimit) {
230             MotorErrorState = 2;
231         } else {
232             double Power = ((double)MaxPower * (double)AcceleratorPosition) / 100.0;
233             MotorVoltage = BatteryVoltage;
234             MotorCurrent = Power / MotorVoltage;
235         }
236     } else {
237         MotorVoltage = 0.0;
238         MotorCurrent = 0.0;
239     }
240 }
```

The right-hand side of the IDE shows the **Projektmappen-Explorer** (Solution Explorer) pane, which displays the project structure for "Projektmappe 'ExtProc\_ElectricMotorControlUnit'". The structure includes:

- ExtProc\_ElectricMotorControlUnit
  - Verweise
  - Externe Abhängigkeiten
  - Header Files
  - Resource Files
  - Source Files
    - ExtProc\_ElectricMotorControlUnit.c

The bottom of the IDE shows the **Ausgabe** (Output) window, which displays the following debug output:

```
Ausgabe anzeigen von: Debuggen
"ExtProc_ElectricMotorControlUnit.exe" (Win32): "C:\Windows\System32\msvcr.dll" geladen. PDB-Datei wurde nicht gefunden oder konnte nicht geöffnet werden.
Der Thread 0x5f68 hat mit Code 0 (0x0) geendet.
Der Thread 0x667c hat mit Code 0 (0x0) geendet.
Der Thread 0x2c58 hat mit Code 0 (0x0) geendet.
"ExtProc_ElectricMotorControlUnit.exe" (Win32): "C:\Windows\System32\kernel.appcore.dll" geladen. PDB-Datei wurde nicht gefunden oder konnte nicht geöffnet werden.
Der Thread 0x49f4 hat mit Code 0 (0x0) geendet.
Der Thread 0x1aa0 hat mit Code 0 (0x0) geendet.
Das Programm "[0x655c] ExtProc_ElectricMotorControlUnit.exe" wurde mit Code 0 (0x0) beendet.
```



**THANK YOU!**